

0651P REGUPOL IN RESILIENT FINISHES**Branded worksection**

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Worksection abstract

This branded worksection *Template* is applicable to resilient sheet and tile finishes with associated underlay including synthetic sporting surfaces and rubber products supplied by REGUPOL Australia.

How to use this worksection

This worksection *Template* must be customised for each project. See [A guide to NATSPEC worksections \(www.natspec.com.au\)](#) for information on *Template* structure, word styles, and completing a worksection.

Related material located elsewhere in NATSPEC

If a listed worksection is not part of your subscription package and you wish to purchase it, contact NATSPEC.

Related material may be found in other worksections. See for example:

- *0315 Concrete finishes* for substrates.
- *0383 Sheet flooring and decking* for substrates.
- *0473p REGUPOL acoustic floor underlays*.
- *0541 Access floors*.
- *0652 Carpets*.
- *0656 Floor sanding and finishing* for substrates.
- *0657 Resin based seamless flooring*.
- *0822 Wastewater* for fitting to floor wastes.

Material not provided by Product Partner

This worksection includes generic material which may not be provided by REGUPOL Australia, including:

- Corklinoleum.
- Cork tiles.
- Hybrid modular planks.
- Linoleum.
- PVC.

Documenting this and related work

You may document this and related work as follows:

- Nominate the locations of finishes and finish abutments and control joints on drawings to your office documentation policy.
- Check lead time for imported selections and consider adding a requirement, in **SUBMISSIONS**, for the builder to verify availability.

The *Normal* style text of this worksection may refer to items as being documented elsewhere in the contract documentation. Make sure they are documented.

Search acumen.architecture.com.au, the Australian Institute of Architects practice advisory subscription service for notes on the following.

- Guarantees and warranties.
- Polyvinyl chloride (PVC).

Specifying ESD

REGUPOL consists of the following sustainable product attributes:

- REGUPOL Australia rubber flooring, with post-consumer rubber content, and adhesives have low VOC content.

The following may be specified by retaining default text:

- Natural and biodegradable flooring including linoleum, cork, corklinoleum and rubber.

The following may be specified using included options:

- Scrap recycling, finishes with programs for recycling offcuts.

The following may be specified by including additional text:

- Recycled material, e.g. for PVC flooring.
- PVC finishes and adhesives low or no VOC emission.
- Planks or tiles not requiring underlays or adhesives, reducing materials for installation.
- Materials recyclable at the end of service life.

Refer to the NATSPEC TECHreport TR 01 on specifying ESD.

1 GENERAL

REGUPOL Australia Pty. Ltd. is the Australasian office and distribution network for the REGUPOL sonus acoustic underlays and REGUPOL everroll sustainable flooring product brands. The company has been operating in the region for over 30 years offering solution based products and technical services for all kinds of sustainable flooring and soundproofing solution based projects. The company is conveniently located at Smeaton Grange, NSW and offers nationwide distribution of the REGUPOL sonus acoustic underlays and REGUPOL everroll product lines.

1.1 RESPONSIBILITIES

General

Requirement: Provide rubber surface coverings supplied by REGUPOL Australia and other resilient floor finishes to substrates, as documented.

Documented is defined in 0171 General requirements as meaning contained in the contract documents.

1.2 COMPANY CONTACTS

REGUPOL Australia technical contacts

Website: www.regupol.com.au

1.3 CROSS REFERENCES

General

Requirement: Conform to the following:

- 0171 *General requirements*.

0171 General requirements contains umbrella requirements for all building and services worksections.

List the worksections cross referenced by this worksection. *0171 General requirements* references the *018 Common requirements* subgroup of worksections. It is not necessary to repeat them here. However, you may also wish to direct the contractor to other worksections where there may be work that is closely associated with this work.

NATSPEC uses generic worksection titles, whether or not there are branded equivalents. If you use a branded worksection, change the cross reference here.

1.4 STANDARDS

General

Installation: To AS 1884.

Slip resistance

Classification: To AS 4586.

See NATSPEC TECHnote DES 001 on slip resistance.

1.5 MANUFACTURER'S DOCUMENTS

Technical manuals

Manuals: www.regupol.com.au

1.6 INTERPRETATION

Definitions

General: For the purposes of this worksection the definitions given in AS 1884 and the following apply:

- Acoustic underlay: A resilient material laid between the structural floor and the flooring material to provide sound isolation.
- Resilient floor coverings classification: To EN ISO 10874.

- EN ISO 10874 classifies resilient floor coverings by level of use for domestic, commercial and industrial applications.

- Substrate: The surface to which a material or product is applied.

- Underlay: A non-structural layer of sheet material or in situ levelling material on the substrate to provide a smooth and level surface.

Edit the **Definitions** subclause to suit the project or delete if not required. List alphabetically.

1.7 SUBMISSIONS

Certification

General: Provide a certificate of conformance for static dissipative and static conductive floor installations.

Fire performance

Fire hazard properties: Submit evidence of conformity to PRODUCTS, **FIRE PERFORMANCE**, **Fire hazard properties**.

Operation and maintenance manuals

General: Submit manufacturer's instructions for care and maintenance for each type of finish.

Products and materials

Manufacturer's data: Submit the manufacturer's product data for each type of finish, and the manufacturer's recommendations for its application in the project including the following, as appropriate:

- Thickness and width of sheet or size of tile.
- Adhesive and jointing method.
- Resistance to wear, indentation, chemicals, light and fire.
- Flexibility and bending strength.

Type tests: Submit results, as follows:

Type tests are carried out off-site. However, submission of evidence of a successful type test may be called up here for requirements specified in **SELECTIONS** or **PRODUCTS** when there are no **SELECTIONS**.

- Slip resistance to AS 4586.

Evidence of delivery: Submit delivery docket as evidence of delivery of [complete/delete]

If evidence of delivery to site is required for particular products, consider including this *Optional* style text by changing to *Normal* style.

Samples

If the specification does not state selected properties such as colour and texture, the effect of this clause is to require the submission of samples covering the full range of those properties. The specification should define the item with enough precision, either by description, or by reference to preselected samples, or as a proprietary item, to allow the contractor to identify and price it. Where the covering is specified as a proprietary item, use this clause as a means of confirmation.

Range: Submit labelled samples of resilient finishes illustrating the range of colour, pattern or texture of the product.

Minimum size per sample:

- Sheet: 450 x 450 mm.
- Tiles: A whole tile or 0.09 m², whichever is the greater.
- Linear accessories (including coving, skirting, stair nosing, protection strips): A piece 300 mm long.
- Welded joints: 300 mm long.

Identification: Label each sample, with brand, product name, and manufacturer's code reference (including the code for each coat of multi-coat work).

Sample panels: Provide sample panels as follows:

- Location: [complete/delete]
- Size (mm): [complete/delete]

Call for sample panels only when large areas are specified. Delete if not required.

Trial set-out: Prepare a trial set-out before fixing.

Subcontractors

General: Submit names and contact details of proposed suppliers and installers.

Delete if supplier/installer details are not required.

Substrate acceptance

Substrate acceptance: Submit evidence of installer's acceptance of the flooring substrate before starting the installation.

Tests

0171 *General requirements* covers tests in **Definitions** and calls for an inspection and testing plan under **SUBMISSIONS, Tests**.

Site tests: Submit results, as follows:

- Site slip resistance test of completed installations.
- Surface pH test.
- Moisture content test.

Detail the tests required in **PRODUCTS** or **EXECUTION**, as appropriate, and list the submissions required here.

Warranties

Requirement: For each type of resilient finish specified, submit the manufacturer and installer's warranty of the material, workmanship and application.

Warranty items: [complete/delete]

Describe the requirements of warranties in **PRODUCTS** or **EXECUTION**, as appropriate, and list the submissions required here.

Warranty terms: [complete/delete]

Consult or negotiate with manufacturers for warranty terms, and specify only such terms as are actually available. State requirements.

REGUPOL Australia provides a 5 year product warranty. Check REGUPOL Australia for warranty conditions.

1.8 INSPECTION**Notice**

Inspection: Give notice so that inspection may be made of the following:

- Substrate immediately before fixing resilient finishes or underlay.
- Trial set-outs before execution.
- Completed underlay, if any.
- Finished surface before applying sealers or polishes (if any).
- Completed installation.

Amend to suit the project adding critical stage inspections required.

Hold points, if required, should be inserted here.

2 PRODUCTS**2.1 GENERAL****Product substitution**

Other products: Conform to **PRODUCTS, GENERAL, Substitutions** in *0171 General requirements*.

The *0171 General requirements* clause sets out the submissions required if the contractor proposes alternative products. Refer also to NATSPEC TECHnote GEN 006 for more information on proprietary specification.

Product identification

General: Marked to show the following:

- Manufacturer's identification.
- Product brand name.
- Product type.
- Quantity.
- Product reference code and batch number.
- Date of manufacture.

Edit the list to suit the project or delete if not required.

2.2 FIRE PERFORMANCE

Fire hazard properties

Critical radiant flux: Tested to AS ISO 9239.1.

Non-sprinklered buildings: The floor finish must have maximum *smoke development rate* of 750 percent-minutes tested to AS ISO 9239.1.

Refer to NATSPEC TECHnote DES 020 for further information on fire hazard properties.

2.3 UNDERLAYS

A thin cementitious type underlay may be used as an isolating barrier of known electrical resistance beneath antistatic or conductive flooring if required. Other special underlay systems are available for the reduction of impact noise, these may be laid directly on the substrate or over an isolation pad or board, an embedded reinforcing mat is usual. Consult manufacturers of both underlay and floor covering for compatibility and installation requirements.

Cementitious

General: Polymer modified cementitious smoothing and self-levelling compound.

Thickness: 3 mm minimum.

Use to correct the substrate. Avoid a feather edge that may curl, by cutting back for a 3 mm minimum thickness. Delete if not appropriate.

Fibre cement underlay

Standard: To AS/NZS 2908.2, Type B, category 2 minimum.

Thickness: 5 mm minimum.

Wet process fibreboard (hardboard) underlay

Standard: To AS/NZS 1859.4.

Classification: General purpose medium board, manufactured specifically as flooring underlay.

Thickness: 5.5 mm.

REGUPOL acoustic underlay

Product: REGUPOL sonus core.

Thickness: [complete/delete]

Select from 5 mm, 8 mm, 10 mm or 15 mm.

MOISTURE BARRIER

If testing to AS 1884 shows the moisture content of the concrete slab exceeds the requirements of AS 1884 or the manufacturer's recommendations, a moisture barrier may be required. If a moisture suppression system is acceptable, consider including this *Optional* style text by changing to *Normal* style text. See NATSPEC TECHnote DES 008 on the preparation of concrete substrates .

General

Description: Water-based moisture barrier to the resilient finish and adhesive manufacturer's recommendations, if required.

Product: REGUPOL barrier 99-101 Two Part Water Based Epoxy Sealer.

2.4 ADHESIVES

General

Requirement: To the resilient finishes manufacturer's recommendations.

Special adhesives may be required for antistatic and conductive applications and slabs with high moisture content.

2.5 SHEETS, TILES AND PLANKS

REGUPOL Australia rubber

Product: [complete/delete]

Application: REGUPOL everroll is a sustainable rubber flooring collection offering eight (8) distinctive product ranges with a total of 42 colours to choose from. With featured benefits of safety, comfort, resilience and strength, REGUPOL everroll makes an excellent flooring choice within commercial, retail, education and community facilities. All of the REGUPOL everroll flooring products are homogeneous, have no wear layer and are PVC free. The product is available in rolls, modular tiles, planks and hexagons.

Select from the following REGUPOL Australia products and nominate here or in SELECTIONS if more than one product:

- REGUPOL everroll Star Range: One (1) colour makes up the REGUPOL everroll Star range. Manufactured from high quality recycled rubber and EPDM chips bound with polyurethane. Available in 4 mm thickness.
- REGUPOL everroll Core Range: Eight (8) colours make up the REGUPOL everroll Core range. Manufactured from high quality recycled rubber and EPDM granulates bound with polyurethane. Available in 4 mm and 8 mm thicknesses with selected colours available in 12 mm thickness.
- REGUPOL everroll Tone Range: Seven (7) colours make up the REGUPOL everroll Tone range. Manufactured from high quality recycled rubber and EPDM granulates bound with polyurethane. Available in 4 mm and 8 mm thicknesses.
- REGUPOL everroll Vitality Range: Three (3) colours make up the REGUPOL everroll Vitality range. Manufactured from high quality recycled rubber and EPDM granulates bound with polyurethane. Available in 4 mm thickness.
- REGUPOL everroll Intensity Range: Six (6) colours make up the REGUPOL everroll Intensity range. Manufactured from high quality EPDM granulates bound with polyurethane. Available in 4 mm thickness with selected colours available in 8 mm thickness.
- REGUPOL everroll Active Range: Six (6) colours make up the REGUPOL everroll Active range. Manufactured from high quality EPDM granulates bound with polyurethane. Available in 4 mm thickness.
- REGUPOL everroll Shape Range: Nine (9) colours make up the REGUPOL everroll Shape range. Manufactured from high quality EPDM granulates bound with polyurethane. Available in 4 mm thickness with selected colours available in 8 mm thickness.
- REGUPOL everroll Diamont Range: Two (2) colours make up the REGUPOL everroll Diamont range. Manufactured from high quality EPDM granulates bound with polyurethane. Available in 4 mm thickness.

Thickness: [complete/delete]

Adhesive: [complete/delete]

Select from the following REGUPOL Australia products and nominate here or in **SELECTIONS** if more than one product:

- REGUPOL adhesive 43-102 One Part Multi-Use for dry areas.
- REGUPOL adhesive 40-203 One Part Polyurethane for wet areas.
- REGUPOL adhesive 41-103 Resilient Two Part Polyurethane – fast setting for wet areas.

Primer: REGUPOL primer 90-102.

For dry areas only.

Sealer: REGUPOL PU 21-306 Reguseal.

Sealing can provide ease of cleaning and maintenance of the floor. Delete if sealing is not required.

Reguseal is a penetrating sealer made with water-based polyurethane and is suitable for green building projects. It is a flexible clear coating which provides a matt finish to REGUPOL everroll products. Reapplication is expected every 3 to 4 years. It is not suitable for use in outdoor areas and wet areas.

REGUPOL everroll can also be supplied pre-sealed. Application of Reguseal to REGUPOL everroll may affect the slip resistance classification, colour and texture of the specified product. Consult the flooring manufacturer.

Lead time: [complete/delete]

Cork tiles

Standard: To EN 12104.

Most of the cork tiles imported from Portugal are 305 x 305 mm square. Cork is not suitable for very heavy wear although densities over 450 kg/m³ may be available for heavy contract use.

Linoleum

Standard: To EN ISO 24011.

Corklinoleum

Standard: To EN 688.

Polyvinyl chloride (PVC)

Resilient floor covering, homogeneous: To EN ISO 10581.

Resilient floor covering, heterogeneous: To EN ISO 10582.

Resilient floor covering, jute or polyester felt backing: To EN 650.

Resilient floor covering, with foam layer: To EN 651.

Resilient floor covering, with particle based enhanced slip resistance: To EN 13845.

Resilient floor covering, semi-flexible polyvinyl chloride tiles: To EN ISO 10595.

Proprietary PVC products will generally be imported and conform to overseas standards. See also NATSPEC TECHnote DES 001 on slip resistance. Consult the manufacturer on suitability for service conditions, especially for severe conditions such as underfloor heating or high humidity.

Static control flooring

See NATSPEC TECHnote DES 007 on static control floors.

General: Unbacked flexible sheet with electrical resistance.

Sheet products with antistatic properties generally refer to static dissipative or static conductive grades that provide static control. However, some standard products will provide some degree of static control and may prove adequate.

Acoustic sheet vinyl

General: Unbacked flexible sheet vinyl laid over separate closed cell foam acoustic underlay.

Acoustic underlay thickness: 2 mm.

For built-up applications using a separate acoustic underlay, a tested system from a single manufacturer is preferable to a combination of products from different manufacturers. Single layer resilient backed sheet vinyl may provide an alternative but with a lower insulation rating.

Refer to NATSPEC TECHnote DES 027 for information on impact sound insulation.

Inlaid vinyl sheet

General: A layer of vinyl chips inlaid in a translucent vinyl matrix, bonded to a moisture resistant backing.

2.6 SYNTHETIC SPORTING SURFACES

REGUPOL Australia rubber sporting surfaces

General: Resilient rubber coverings with sound and impact absorbing qualities suitable for sporting activities.

Surface finish product: [complete/delete]

Application: REGUPOL everroll is a sustainable rubber flooring collection offering seven (7) distinctive product ranges with a total of 40 colours to choose from. With featured benefits of safety, comfort, resilience and strength REGUPOL everroll makes an excellent flooring choice within the sports, leisure and aquatic industries. All of the REGUPOL everroll flooring products are homogeneous, have no wear layer and are PVC free. The REGUPOL everroll rubber flooring collection is Good Environmental Choice Australia certified for its environmental contribution. The product is available in rolls, modular tiles, planks and hexagons.

Select from the following REGUPOL Australia products and nominate here or in **SELECTIONS** if more than one product:

- REGUPOL everroll Star Range: One (1) colour makes up the REGUPOL everroll Star range. Manufactured from high quality recycled rubber and EPDM chips bound with polyurethane. Available in 4 mm thickness.
- REGUPOL everroll Core Range: Eight (8) colours make up the REGUPOL everroll Core range. Manufactured from high quality recycled rubber and EPDM granulates bound with polyurethane. Available in 4 mm and 8 mm thicknesses with selected colours available in 12 mm thickness.
- REGUPOL everroll Tone Range: Seven (7) colours make up the REGUPOL everroll Tone range. Manufactured from high quality recycled rubber and EPDM granulates bound with polyurethane. Available in 4 mm and 8 mm thicknesses.
- REGUPOL everroll Vitality Range: Three (3) colours make up the REGUPOL everroll Vitality range. Manufactured from high quality recycled rubber and EPDM granulates bound with polyurethane. Available in 4 mm thickness.
- REGUPOL everroll Intensity Range: Six (6) colours make up the REGUPOL everroll Intensity range. Manufactured from high quality EPDM granulates bound with polyurethane. Available in 4 mm thickness with selected colours available in 8 mm thickness.
- REGUPOL everroll Active Range: Six (6) colours make up the REGUPOL everroll Active range. Manufactured from high quality EPDM granulates bound with polyurethane. Available in 4 mm thickness.
- REGUPOL everroll Shape Range: Nine (9) colours make up the REGUPOL everroll Shape range. Manufactured from high quality EPDM granulates bound with polyurethane. Available in 4 mm thickness with selected colours available in 8 mm thickness.

Underlay: REGUPOL Shockpad.

Contact REGUPOL Australia for information on the range of shock and sound absorbing underlays for use under the REGUPOL everroll collection of rubber flooring in sports and impact safety applications.

Lead time: [complete/delete]

2.7 OTHER MATERIALS

Tactile ground surface indicators

Standard: To AS/NZS 1428.4.1.

Delete if none required.

3 EXECUTION

3.1 SUBCONTRACTORS

General

Requirement: Use specialist installers recommended by the material manufacturers.

REGUPOL Australia can assist in recommending suitable installers throughout Australia.

3.2 PREPARATION

Substrates

General: To AS 1884 Section 3.

Substrate tolerance table

Property	Length of straightedge laid in any direction	Max. deviation under the straightedge
Planeness	2000 mm	4 mm
Abrupt deviation tolerance	150 mm	0.5 mm

Planeness tolerance class: Nominate Class A in the **Flatness tolerance class table** in 0315 Concrete finishes and 0612 Cementitious toppings for locations where resilient finishes locations are to be installed, as appropriate for the project. It is assumed smoothness and projection tolerance corrections form part of substrate preparation.

Concrete substrates

Refer to NATSPEC TECHnote DES 008 on the preparation of concrete substrates. Refer also to CCAA Data Sheet on moisture in concrete and moisture-sensitive finishes and coatings.

Requirement: Do not start installation of the resilient finishes until the concrete substrate conforms to AS 1884 clause 3.1 and the adhesive and resilient finish manufacturers' recommendations.

AS 1884 sets out minimum requirements for moisture content surface pH, and surface quality of the concrete substrate which should be determined by inspection and testing. The manufacturer's recommendations may exceed these requirements. This worksection requires submission of test results.

Substrate rectification: Conform to the following:

- Surface treatments: Mechanically remove any incompatible surface treatments, including the following:
 - . Sealers and hardeners.
 - . Curing compounds.
 - . Waterproofing additives.
 - . Surface coatings and contamination.

The application of solvent based spray paint and markers during construction should be avoided as these products may cause bleed through to resilient finishes laid on concrete floors.

- Surface quality: Remove projections and fill voids and hollows with a smoothing and self-levelling compound compatible with the adhesive. Allow filling or levelling compound to dry to manufacturer's recommendations.

Moisture content rectification: Provide a moisture barrier to the flooring manufacturer's recommendation.

If a moisture barrier or moisture suppression system is permitted, consider including this *Optional* text. Changes in the design mix of concrete, admixtures and concrete surface finishing techniques, and low VOC adhesives have contributed to increased failure of resilient finishes. Consult the flooring manufacturer.

Cleaning: Remove loose materials or dust.

Timber, plywood, particleboard and fibre cement sheet substrates

Requirement: Do not start installation of the resilient finishes until the timber, plywood, particleboard and fibre cement substrate conforms to AS 1884 clause 3.6.

Substrate rectification: Remove projections. If conformance to the **Substrate tolerance table** cannot be achieved, provide an underlay in brick pattern with joints avoiding substrate joints.

Cleaning: Remove oil, grease, traces of applied finishes and loose materials or dust.

Working environment

General: Do not start work before the building is enclosed, wet work is complete and dry, overhead work is complete and good lighting is available. Protect adjoining surfaces.

Conditioning

Conditioning of floor covering and subfloor: To AS 1884 clause 4.1 and manufacturer's recommendations.

Trial set-out

General: Prepare a trial tile and plank set-out to each area.

Delete if not required.

3.3 INSTALLATION

REGUPOL Australia rubber sheet flooring

General: To AS 1884 Section 5 and REGUPOL Australia's recommendations.

Sheet set-out

General: Set out sheets to give the minimum number of joints. Position joints away from areas of high stress. Run sheet joints parallel with the long sides of floor areas, vertically on non-horizontal surfaces.

Tile set-out

General: Set out tiles from centre of room. If possible cut tiles at margins only, to give a cut dimension of at least 100 mm x full tile width. Match edges and align patterns. Arrange the tiles so that any variation in appearance is minimised.

Amend text if tile layout and joints have been documented.

Plank set-out

General: Set-out planks from centre of room. Align patterns, texture and grain in one direction.

Edges

General: Make sure edges are firm, unchipped and machine-cut accurately to size and square to the face, and that edges are square to each other before installation.

Expansion joints

General: Refer to REGUPOL Australia's recommendations for joint widths, and area and length limitations.

Joints

Non-welded: Butt edges together to form tight neat joints showing no visible open seam.

Delete if joints are welded.

Doorways: Where changes of floor finish occur at doorways, locate the joint on the centreline of the door leaf in the closed position.

If the floor finish is to be divided into bays, specify here the bay size, dividing strip or joint filler.

Junctions

General: Scribe neatly up to returns, edges, fixtures and fittings. Finish flush with adjoining surfaces.

Rolling

General: If rolling is required, roll the finish in multiple directions before the adhesive sets.

Roller size: [complete/delete]

e.g. Linoleum 65 kg, LVT (Luxury vinyl tiles) 45 kg, VCT (Vinyl composite tiles) 68 kg.

Change of finish

General: Maintain finished floor level across changes of floor finish, including carpet.

Cleaning

General: Keep the surface clean as the work proceeds.

Scrap recycling

Participating supplier: [complete/delete]

Some manufacturers will recycle site scrap vinyl of their own brand.

3.4 TILING

Vinyl tiles and planks

Laying: Lay as follows:

- Loose lay: Interlock tongue and groove edges of rigid planks. Tap down with rubber mallet.
- Adhesive fix: Apply acrylic adhesive over whole subfloor surface.

Cork tiles

Laying: Provide a water-based latex adhesive. Do not use pins.

Finishing: Sand after laying.

Cork tiles can be sealed or given a clear finish. Two-pack polyurethane will give the floors a harder finish with some loss of resilience. Coordinate with 0671 Painting.

Hybrid modular planks

Laying: To manufacturer's recommendations.

Hybrid modular flooring is designed to be loose laid using an interlocking system but may also be adhesive fixed.

REGUPOL Australia rubber tile flooring

General: To REGUPOL Australia's recommendations.

Laying: Dry lay tiles before installation. Lay tiles in stretcher bond. Match edges and align joints.

Stretcher bonding, where each alternate tile is laid so that the end of the adjacent tile is in the centre of the ones on either side of it, reduces the possibility of the tiles lifting at the point where the four corners join.

3.5 SHEETING

Laying vinyl

Requirement: To AS 1884 Section 5 and to REGUPOL Australia's recommendations.

Welded joints

Thermal welding: After fixing, groove the seams using a grooving tool and weld the joints with matching filler rod/sealant and using a hot air welding gun or hot sealer. When the weld has cooled, trim off flush.

Thermal welding was developed specifically for homogeneous sheet. It may be used for vinyl chip sheet but will be more conspicuous than cold welding and will not have the same strength as heat welding in homogeneous sheet.

Chemical welding: Apply seaming compound 100 mm wide to the substrate centrally under the seam until the compound is forced up into the joint. Clean off flush with a damp cloth.

Is less conspicuous and may be preferable for that reason. Document welding type in **SELECTIONS Schedules**.

Epoxy jointing: Join seams with epoxy adhesive.

For slip-resistant vinyl sheet.

Conductive flooring

General: Install conductive sheet on a copper grid comprising copper tape 80 µm thick x 10 mm wide adhered to the floor with conductive adhesive. Lay copper tape along each length of sheet and connect it at right angles to a 1 MΩ resistor. Connect to earth with copper tape at 20 to 30 m² intervals.

The static dissipative requirement will determine the installation method, adjust text above as necessary. Provide an earthing system if electrical resistance to earth or a conductive floor is required. The earthing grid will consist of metallic strips laid directly under the flooring material, connection to building is made by a qualified electrician – a backup connection is recommended. Metal fixtures and fittings should be isolated from the flooring. Additional requirements, e.g. earthing rails, placement of switches and outlets outside the area, atmosphere ionisation and humidity controls may be required. Include these under the relevant worksection.

3.6 VINYL STAIR FINISH

General

Preformed: Provide purpose-made vinyl stair finish combining riser, nosing and tread in the one element. Lay each step consecutively with the joint at the bottom of each riser.

Formed in situ: Fit the sheet vinyl to each tread, and to the riser above, in one piece, coved in the angle. Accurately scribe, cut and fit to stair nosings and perimeters.

Preformed and formed in situ are alternatives. Delete as required.

3.7 JOINTS AND ACCESSORIES

At areas of heavy use, particularly with wheeled traffic, consider specifying a prototype test for the joint product installation using the anticipated wheeled equipment.

Accessories

General: Provide purpose-made matching moulded accessories for nosings, coves, skirtings, edge cover strips and finishes at junctions, margins, and angles, if available. Otherwise form accessories from the sheet material. Provide solid backing for radiused coves and nosings.

Edge strips

General: Provide edge cover strips at junctions with different floor finishes and to exposed edges.

Metal cover strip: Extruded tapered strip 25 mm wide, of the same thickness as the sheet or tile. Fix with matching screws to timber bases or to masonry anchors in concrete bases, at 200 mm maximum centres.

Control joints

Location: Provide control joints as follows:

- Over structural control joints.
- At junctions between different substrates.

Depth of joint: Right through to the substrate.

Sealant width: 6 to 25 mm.

Depth of elastomeric sealant: One half the joint width, or 6 mm, whichever is the greater.

Control joint materials – sheet flooring

Proprietary slide plate divider strip: Provide interlocking metal plates grouted into pockets formed in the concrete joint edges to finish flush with the flooring surface.

Vinyl skirting

Select from the following.

Feather edge: Moulded PVC skirting section.

Intended for use with PVC or similar flat surface floor finishes. It provides coverage of floor termination at the vertical surface. Occasionally used where partitions are retro fixed over carpet.

Flat skirting: Flat PVC skirting section.

Intended for use with carpet. It provides a solid margin to assist the carpet laying process. Skirtings may be cut from sheet material but are more costly.

Fixing: Scribe as necessary. Mitre corners. Fix to walls with contact adhesive.

Minimum height: 100 mm.

REGUPOL Australia rubber skirtings

General: Cut from continuous strips of REGUPOL everroll sheet. Seal floor junction with polyurethane sealer.

Sealer: [complete/delete]

e.g. Sikaflex 11FC.

Coved skirtings

Install where a continuous surface is required e.g. Wet areas, Wet mopping, Hygiene and clean rooms. A sealant or cover mould may be necessary where the wall finish joins the door jamb profile. The width may require special consideration to provide a sealed overlap where the coving terminates at the door jamb.

Site formed coving: Carry the flooring material up over a profiled coving section to form the skirting and mitre and weld all joints. Make sure the radius of the coving section conforms to the floor finish manufacturer's recommendations for sheeting material and thickness.

If using a contrasting border document in the **Sheet and tile schedule**.

3.8 TESTING

Documented is defined in 0171 *General requirements* as meaning contained in the contract documents.

Substrate tests

Moisture content: Test substrate for suitability for the installation of resilient floor coverings to AS 1884 Appendix A.

- Maximum relative humidity of concrete: To AS 1884 Appendix A3.2.
- Moisture content of timber, plywood and particleboard subfloors: To AS 1884 Appendix A3.3.

Some manufacturers may provide products which can be used on concrete slabs with a moisture content greater than the maximum allowed by AS 1884, or that require a moisture content less than the maximum allowed by AS 1884.

Surface pH: Test concrete subfloor for suitability for the installation of resilient floor coverings to AS 1884 Appendix C.

- Maximum pH: 10.

Testing of pH should be carried out after any surface grinding. Freshly exposed concrete has high alkalinity and problems have been encountered overseas.

Completion tests

Slip resistance testing of completed installation: To AS 4663.

Delete if not required.

3.9 COMPLETION

Protection

Finished floor surface: Keep traffic off floors for minimum 24 hours after laying until bonding has set or, whichever period is the longer. Avoid contact with water for minimum 7 days after laying.

Reinstatement

Extent: Repair or replace faulty or damaged work. If the work cannot be repaired satisfactorily, replace the whole area affected.

Cleaning

Consult resilient finish manufacturers for cleaning instructions and recommendations on polishing. Polyurethane reinforced vinyls do not require sealing or polishing (they are mopped and dry buffed), and other vinyl floors only require mopping. For installations in existing buildings, consult the building user on current maintenance procedures, type of polish used and make the new installations compatible as far as possible.

General: Clean the finished surface. Buff and polish. Before the date for practical completion, mop and leave the finished surface clean and undamaged on completion.

REGUPOL Australia rubber: Conform to the REGUPOL Australia cleaning guidelines.

Cleaning static control flooring

General: Do not use sealers, wax or floor polish. Clean using a mild neutral detergent and lukewarm water. Dry buff clean floor using a scrubbing machine with a white nylon pad.

Sealers and polishes affect or destroy the antistatic properties.

Spare materials

General: Supply spare matching resilient finishes and accessories of each type for future replacement purposes. Store the spare materials on site where directed.

Quantity: At least 1% of the quantity installed.

4 SELECTIONS

Schedules are a way of documenting a selection of proprietary or generic products or systems by their properties. Indicate their locations here and/or on the drawings. Refer to NATSPEC TECHnote GEN 024 for guidance on using and editing schedules.

4.1 PRODUCTS

Sheet and tile schedule

Property	RF1	RF2	RF3
Type			
Product			
Form			
Colour			
Pattern			
Tile laying pattern			

Property	RF1	RF2	RF3
Sheet width (mm)			
Thickness (mm)			
Vinyl chip size (mm)			
Surface			
Slip resistance classification			
Critical radiant flux			
Tile dimensions (mm)			
Underlay			
Skirting			
Welded joints			
Finish			
Roll after laying			

RF1, RF2, RF3: These designate each instance or type or location of the item schedule.

Edit codes in the **Schedule** to match those on drawings.

Much of the scheduled information will be unnecessary if resilient finishes are specified by proprietary items.

Include any particular requirements not otherwise specified, such as resistance to wear, indentation, chemicals, light or fire. Consult the manufacturer.

Type: e.g. REGUPOL Rubber, Linoleum, Cork, Vinyl (PVC), Antistatic vinyl, Conductive vinyl, Cushion backed vinyl, Vinyl counter topping.

Product: e.g. REGUPOL Australia REGUPOL everroll Star, REGUPOL everroll Core, REGUPOL everroll Tone, REGUPOL everroll Vitality, REGUPOL everroll Intensity, REGUPOL everroll Active, REGUPOL everroll Shape, REGUPOL everroll Diamont.

Form: e.g. Sheet or Tile (Vinyl, linoleum, cork, rubber); Unbacked flexible sheet, Semi-rigid floor tiles, Flexible floor tiles, Inlaid vinyl sheet (PVC).

Pattern: e.g. Marbled or Plain (Linoleum, PVC).

Tile laying pattern: e.g. Checkerboard or Stretcher bond.

Thickness: e.g.:

- For REGUPOL Australia rubber: 4 or 8 mm. Other sizes available (3, 6, 10, 12 mm) subject to lead times. Check with REGUPOL Australia.
- For cork: 4.75 or 6.3 mm (6.3 mm is recommended for concrete floors).
- For flexible terrazzo tiles: 4.76 mm.
- For flexible PVC sheet or tiles: 1.5, 2, 2.5 or 3 mm.
- For semi-rigid PVC tiles: 1.5, 2, 2.5, or 3 mm.
- For linoleum sheet or tiles: 2 or 2.5 mm.

Surface:

- For cork: Smooth surface only.
- For PVC: Normally smooth surface, but various textured or inlaid slip resistant surfaces are available. Semi-rigid tiles may have a factory-applied protective coating. Consult the manufacturer for details of the available surfaces.

Slip resistance classification: Refer to NATSPEC TECHnote DES 001, SA HB 197 and SA HB 198. Select the slip resistance tests and classification to suit the location and application.

Critical radiant flux: Include the appropriate value from BCA Spec C1.10 Table 2 for the building class.

Tile dimensions: Consult the manufacturer for available sizes and thicknesses:

- PVC tiles: 300 x 300 mm is standard size.
- Portuguese cork tiles: 305 x 305 mm.
- Rubber tiles: Various sizes and formats available, check with REGUPOL Australia.

Underlay: e.g. Trowelled, Hardboard, Fibre cement sheet. Consult manufacturers of resilient flooring for recommended underlay for particular applications. State thickness.

Welded joints. Thermal, Chemical or Epoxy.

Finish: e.g. Buffable water emulsion polish, Two-pack clear polyurethane (cork); Buffable metallised emulsion polish, Buffing only for slip-resistant sheet (PVC); Two coats buffable metallised emulsion polish (cushion backed sheet vinyl).

Roll after laying: Refer to manufacturer's recommendations.

Synthetic sporting surfaces schedule

Property	SS1	SS2	SS3
Type			
Sport/activity			
Surface finish product			
Underlay			
Surface product			
Colour			
Colour density			
Skirting			
Critical radiant flux			
Slip resistance classification			
Surface marking method			

SS1, SS2, SS3: These designate each instance or type or location of the item schedule.

Edit codes in the **Schedule** to match those on drawings.

Type: e.g. Indoor or Outdoor.

Surface finish product: e.g. REGUPOL everroll Star, REGUPOL everroll Core, REGUPOL everroll Tone, REGUPOL everroll Vitality, REGUPOL everroll Intensity, REGUPOL everroll Active, REGUPOL everroll Shape.

Underlay: REGUPOL Australia REGUPOL sonus core acoustic underlay, REGUPOL Shockpad.

Skirting: e.g. Feather edge, Flat or coved vinyl, Coved rubber, or Site formed coving.

Critical radiant flux: Include the appropriate value from BCA Spec C1.10 Table 2 for the building class.

Slip resistance classification: For selections refer to NATSPEC TECHnote DES 001, SA HB 197 and SA HB 198.

Tactile ground surface indicators schedule

Property	A	B	C
Product			
Type			
Edge protector			
Material			
Colour			

A, B, C: These designate each instance or type or location of the item scheduled. Edit codes in the **Schedule** to match those on drawings.

Product: Refer to manufacturer's range.

Type: Directional, Warning or Integrated. Both warning and directional indicators may be required.

Edge protector: Button bevelled, Button round, Bar thin or Bar thick.

Material: Porcelain, Stainless steel, Thermoplastic urethane injection moulded (TPU), Rubber. Refer to manufacturer.

Colour: A colour contrast is required, in both wet and dry conditions, between the tactile indicators and the adjacent surface and that the colour provides a luminance contrast to the surrounding surface to AS/NZS 1428.4.1 Appendix E. Refer to manufacturer's range.

Accessories schedule

Accessory type	A	B	C
Skirting			
Edge strip material			
PVC cover strip: Width (mm)			
PVC cover strip: Colour			

A, B, C: These designate each instance or type or location of the item scheduled. Edit codes in the **Schedule** to match those on drawings.

Skirting: e.g. Feather edge, Flat or coved vinyl, Coved rubber, or Site formed coving. If pre-formed, nominate whether skirting is sit-in or sit-on. Sit-on is surface mounted after the floor material is laid.

Edge strip material: e.g. Brass, Stainless steel, Aluminium.

PVC cover strip:

Width: e.g. 25 mm, 50 mm.

Accessory type: Specify required accessories, such as nosings, wedge fillets, tile edge trim, wall and capping trim and state whether they are to be a proprietary item, purpose-made or formed.

For floor wastes to wet areas consult with manufacturer for special requirements, e.g. flanged fittings to clamp over finish, and coordinate with **SANITARY DRAINAGE** in 0822 *Wastewater*.

Control joints schedule – proprietary slide plate

Property	CJ1	CJ2	CJ3
Location			
Product			
Material			
Insert colour			

CJ1, CJ2, CJ3: These designate each instance or type or location of the item scheduled. Edit codes in the **Schedule** to match those on drawings.

Location: State here or show on drawings.

Product: Nominate the product type suitable for the anticipated movement.

Material: e.g. Stainless steel.

Insert colour: Nominate colour or omit if there is no insert.

Spare material schedule

Material	Quantity	Storage location

REFERENCED DOCUMENTS

The following documents are incorporated into this worksection by reference:

AS 1428		Design for access and mobility
AS/NZS 1428.4.1	2009	Means to assist the orientation of people with vision impairment - Tactile ground surface indicators
AS/NZS 1859		Reconstituted wood-based panels - Specifications
AS/NZS 1859.4	2018	Wet process fibreboard
AS 1884	2021	Floor coverings - Resilient sheet and tiles - Installation practices
AS/NZS 2908		Cellulose-cement products
AS/NZS 2908.2	2000	Flat sheets
AS 4586	2013	Slip resistance classification of new pedestrian surface materials
AS 4663	2013	Slip resistance measurement of existing pedestrian surfaces
AS ISO 9239		Reaction to fire tests for floor coverings
AS ISO 9239.1	2003	Determination of the burning behaviour using a radiant heat source

EN 650	2012	Resilient floor coverings. Polyvinyl chloride floor coverings on jute backing or on a polyester felt backing or on polyester felt with polyvinyl chloride backing. Specification
EN 651	2011	Resilient floor coverings. Polyvinyl chloride floor coverings with foam layer. Specification
EN 688	2011	Resilient floor coverings. Specification for corklinoleum
EN ISO 10581	2020	Resilient floor coverings - Homogeneous poly(vinyl chloride) floor covering - Specifications
EN ISO 10582	2018	Resilient floor coverings - Heterogeneous poly(vinyl chloride) floor covering - Specifications
EN ISO 10595	2012	Resilient floor coverings. Semi-flexible/ vinyl composition (VCT) poly(vinyl chloride) floor tiles. Specification
EN ISO 10874	2012	Resilient textile and laminate floor coverings. Classification
EN 12104	2018	Resilient floor coverings. Cork floor tiles. Specification
EN 13845	2017	Resilient floor coverings - Polyvinyl chloride floor coverings with particle based enhanced slip resistance - Specification
EN ISO 24011	2012	Resilient floor coverings - Specification for plain and decorative linoleum
The following documents are mentioned only in the <i>Guidance</i> text:		
SA HB 197	1999	An introductory guide to the slip resistance of pedestrian surface materials
SA HB 198	2014	Guide to the specification and testing of slip resistance of pedestrian surfaces
BCA Spec C1.10	2019	Fire resistance - Fire hazard properties
CCAA Data Sheet MC	2007	Moisture in concrete and moisture-sensitive finishes and coatings
NATSPEC DES 001	2018	Slip resistance performance
NATSPEC DES 007	2017	Static control floors
NATSPEC DES 008	2015	Preparation of concrete substrates
NATSPEC DES 020	2018	Fire behaviour of building materials and assemblies
NATSPEC DES 027	2016	Impact sound insulation
NATSPEC GEN 006	2015	Product specifying and substitution
NATSPEC GEN 024	2019	Using NATSPEC selections schedules
NATSPEC TR 01	2019	Specifying ESD